

LVR Command Reference

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Contents

Copyright	1
1 Command Reference	1
1.1 Initialization Database Management	3
1.1.1 help	3
1.1.2 init_tool_db	5
1.1.3 set_tool_db	7
1.1.4 set_debug_mode_3049	9
1.1.5 set_top	11
1.1.6 set_technode	13
1.1.7 set_testmode	15
1.1.8 lvs_enable_ports	17
1.1.9 load_db	19
1.1.10 set_log_flush_time	21
1.2 Input File Handling	23
1.2.1 set_sch_file	23
1.2.2 set_xor1_gds	25
1.2.3 set_xor2_gds	27
1.2.4 set_svs1_spice	29
1.2.5 set_svs2_spice	31
1.2.6 set_svs1_verilog	33
1.2.7 set_svs2_verilog	35
1.2.8 read_gds	37

1.2.9	read_gds2	39
1.2.10	read_spice	41
1.2.11	write_gds	43
1.2.12	read_lrf	45
1.2.13	read_verilog	47
1.2.14	expected_file	49
1.2.15	verilog2sch	51
1.2.16	test_lvs	53
1.2.17	sky130_to_spice	55
1.2.18	split_cdl_asap7	57
1.2.19	split_cdl_gpdk	59
1.2.20	split_cdl_ng15	61
1.2.21	split_cdl_ng45	63
1.2.22	split_cdl_saed32	65
1.2.23	split_cdl_sky130	67
1.2.24	split_cdl_xh018	69
1.3	Flow Resource Settings	71
1.3.1	set_gds_flow	71
1.3.2	set_lefdef_flow	73
1.3.3	set_num_cpu	75
1.3.4	set_num_cores	77
1.3.5	set_num_layers	79
1.3.6	set_num_regions	81
1.3.7	set_num_bins	83
1.3.8	cell_orient_scheme	85
1.3.9	use_max	87
1.3.10	no_compare	89
1.3.11	no_cells	91
1.3.12	no_obs	93
1.3.13	no_pwr	95

1.3.14	no_vias	97
1.3.15	no_rect	99
1.4	Run Commands	101
1.4.1	run_drc	101
1.4.2	run_qdrc	103
1.4.3	run_lvs	105
1.4.4	run_mlvs	107
1.4.5	run_svs	109
1.4.6	run_dfm	111
1.4.7	run_erc	113
1.4.8	run_xor	115
1.4.9	run_fastxor	117
1.4.10	run_antenna	119
1.4.11	run_density	121
1.4.12	run_lefdef_drc	123
1.5	Reporting	125
1.5.1	report_drc	125
1.5.2	report_lvs	127
1.5.3	report_mlvs	129
1.5.4	report_dfm	131
1.5.5	report_erc	133
1.5.6	report_xor	135
1.5.7	report_fastxor	137
1.5.8	report_svs	139
1.5.9	report_antenna	141
1.5.10	rep_antenna	143
1.5.11	report_density	145
1.5.12	rep_density	147
1.5.13	report_lefdef_drc	149
1.5.14	set_report_file_drc	151

1.5.15	set_report_file_lvs	153
1.5.16	set_report_file_mlvls	155
1.5.17	set_report_file_dfm	157
1.5.18	set_report_file_erc	159
1.5.19	set_report_file_xor	161
1.5.20	set_report_file_fastxor	163
1.5.21	set_report_file_svs	165
1.5.22	set_report_file_antenna	167
1.5.23	set_report_file_density	169
1.5.24	set_report_file_lefdef_drc	171
1.6	LVS Options Controls	173
1.6.1	lvs	173
1.6.2	lvs_write_layout_from_db	175
1.6.3	lvs_write_schematic_from_spice	177
1.6.4	lvs_set_schematic_file_name	179
1.6.5	lvs_set_spice_file_name	181
1.6.6	lvs_set_macros_cdl_file_name	183
1.6.7	lvs_set_verilog_netlist_file_name	185
1.6.8	lvs_set_datc_flow	187
1.6.9	lvs_use_datc_flow	189
1.6.10	lvs_consider_macro_pins	191
1.6.11	lvs_check_shorts	193
1.6.12	lvs_check_open	195
1.6.13	lvs_check_macro	197
1.6.14	lvs_check_matching	199
1.6.15	lvs_check_unconnected_pins	201
1.6.16	lvs_detect_short	203
1.6.17	lvs_detect_open	205
1.6.18	lvs_power_pin	207
1.6.19	lvs_ground_pin	209

1.6.20	lvs_timeout	211
1.6.21	lvs_max_error	213
1.6.22	lvs_option_max_error	215
1.6.23	lvs_mapping_pin_to_terminal	217
1.6.24	lvs_waiver_macro_net	219
1.6.25	lvs_waiver_netlist_net	221
1.7	DRC/ERC/SVS/MLVS/Antenna Limits	223
1.7.1	drc	223
1.7.2	erc	225
1.7.3	svs	227
1.7.4	mlvs	229
1.7.5	antenna	231
1.7.6	dfm	233
1.7.7	perc	235
1.7.8	density	237
1.7.9	xor_check	239
1.7.10	drc_max_error	241
1.7.11	erc_max_error	243
1.7.12	svs_max_error	245
1.7.13	mlvs_max_error	247
1.7.14	xor_max_error	249
1.7.15	density_max_error	251
1.7.16	antenna_max_error	253
1.7.17	dfm_max_error	255
1.8	Density DFM Settings	257
1.8.1	density_layer	257
1.8.2	density_pixel	259
1.8.3	density_window	261
1.9	GUI Display	263
1.9.1	gui_display_single_layer	263

1.9.2	gui_display_all_layers	265
1.9.3	load_gui	267
1.9.4	cmd_line_only	269
1.9.5	set_gui_xor_result	271
1.10	Logger	273
1.10.1	disable_logger_timestamp	273
1.10.2	enable_logger_timestamp	275
1.11	Geometry Queries	277
1.11.1	query_rect	277
1.11.2	set_die_area	279
1.12	Appendix	281
1.12.1	Glossary	281
1.12.2	Example Complete Flow	281

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1 Command Reference

Purpose. This manual documents the LVR command-line interface for physical verification flows. It organizes commands into categories and provides a consistent two-page reference for each: a narrative description followed by syntax/arguments and examples.

Conventions. Placeholders are used in examples:

- `<string>` denotes a file path, identifier, or free-form string.
- `<int>` denotes an integer value (counts, flags, DBU coordinates).
- `<float>` denotes a real-valued parameter (distances, thresholds).

Paths are shown relative to a project root where practical. Commands that take no arguments list *(none)*.

Page Layout. Each command spans two pages: Page 1 is a tailored description with best practices; Page 2 contains a syntax table and example usage lines. Figures may be inserted later at the indicated placeholders.

Categories. Commands are grouped into: Initialization & Database Management; Input & File Handling; Flow & Resource Settings; Run Commands;

Reporting; LVS Options & Controls; DRC/ERC/SVS/MLVS/Antenna & Limits;
Density & DFM Settings; GUI & Display; Logger; Geometry & Queries.

1.1 Initialization Database Management

1.1.1 `help`

Description.

Display built-in help. Without args lists all commands; some builds support 'help `command`' for detailed usage. Output is human-readable.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	help	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

help

1.1.2 `init_tool_db`

Description.

Initialize a new tool database/workspace where configuration, parsed inputs, and results are persisted. Overwrites an existing DB of the same name.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	init_tool_db	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
init\_tool\_db <string1>
```

1.1.3 `set_tool_db`

Description.

Switch active tool database context. Subsequent reads/writes/runs operate on this DB.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_tool_db	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_tool\_db <string1>
```

1.1.4 set_debug_mode_3049

Description.

Set debug verbosity level. Higher integers produce more verbose logs; may slow runs.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_debug_mode_3049	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_debug\_mode\_3049 <int1>  
set\_debug\_mode\_3049 1
```

1.1.5 `set_top`

Description.

Define the top-level design entity (root cell / top module) for hierarchy traversal.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_top	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_top <string1>  
set\_top aes\_cipher\_top
```

1.1.6 `set_technode`

Description.

Set technology node/PDK id to select rule defaults, units, and device parameters.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_technode	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_technode <string1>  
set\_technode sky130hd
```

1.1.7 `set_testmode`

Description.

Toggle test/regression mode. Non-zero enables reduced checks or mock IO; not for sign-off.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_testmode	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_testmode <int1>  
set\_testmode 1
```

1.1.8 lvs_enable_ports

Description.

Include top-level ports in LVS extraction; 1 enables, 0 disables.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_enable_ports	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_enable\_ports <int1>  
lvs\_enable\_ports 1
```

1.1.9 load_db

Description.

Load a previously saved tool database/session for reporting or incremental runs.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	load_db	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
load\_db <string1>
```

1.1.10 `set_log_flush_time`

Description.

Set periodic flush interval (seconds) for log output during long runs.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_log_flush_time		—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_log\_flush\_time <int1>  
set\_log\_flush\_time 5
```

1.2 Input File Handling

1.2.1 `set_sch_file`

Description.

Set the main schematic/netlist file path used by schematic-consuming flows.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_sch_file	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_sch\_file <string1>
```

1.2.2 `set_xor1_gds`

Description.

Specify XOR inputs (reference vs. test) for geometric XOR comparison of two GDS databases.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_xor1_gds	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_xor1\_gds <string1>
```

1.2.3 `set_xor2_gds`

Description.

Specify XOR inputs (reference vs. test) for geometric XOR comparison of two GDS databases.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_xor2_gds	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_xor2\_gds <string1>
```

1.2.4 `set_svs1_spice`

Description.

Specify inputs for schematic-vs-schematic (SVS) comparison; accepts SPICE or Verilog sources.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_svs1_spice	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_svs1\_spice <string1>
```

1.2.5 `set_svs2_spice`

Description.

Specify inputs for schematic-vs-schematic (SVS) comparison; accepts SPICE or Verilog sources.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_svs2_spice	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_svs2\_spice <string1>
```

1.2.6 `set_svs1_verilog`

Description.

Specify inputs for schematic-vs-schematic (SVS) comparison; accepts SPICE or Verilog sources.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_svs1_verilog	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_svs1\_verilog <string1>
```

1.2.7 `set_svs2_verilog`

Description.

Specify inputs for schematic-vs-schematic (SVS) comparison; accepts SPICE or Verilog sources.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_svs2_verilog	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_svs2\_verilog <string1>
```

1.2.8 read_gds

Description.

Read a GDS stream file into the active tool DB.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	read_gds	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
read\_gds <string1>  
read\_gds ./input/gds.in
```

1.2.9 read_gds2

Description.

Read a GDSII file (alternative reader) into the tool DB.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	read_gds2	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
read\_gds2 <string1>  
read\_gds2 ./input/gds2.in
```

1.2.10 read_spice

Description.

Read a SPICE netlist and store for LVS/SVS flows.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	read_spice	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
read\_spice <string1>  
read\_spice ./input/spice.in
```

1.2.11 `write_gds`

Description.

Export current layout database to a GDS file.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	write_gds	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
write\_gds <string1>
```

1.2.12 `read_lrf`

Description.

Load a Layout Rules File (LRF) for DRC/DFM verification.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	read_lrf	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
read\_lrf <string1>  
read\_lrf ./input/lrf.in
```

1.2.13 `read_verilog`

Description.

Load a Verilog netlist for LVS/SVS or conversion flows.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	read_verilog	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
read\_verilog <string1>  
read\_verilog ./input/verilog.in
```

1.2.14 `expected_file`

Description.

Set a golden results file used to compare against run outputs.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	expected_file	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
expected\_file <string1>  
expected\_file ./golden/expected.json
```

1.2.15 verilog2sch

Description.

Convert a Verilog netlist to a schematic format compatible with the LVS engine.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	verilog2sch	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
verilog2sch <string1> <string2>  
verilog2sch ./design.v ./out.sch
```

1.2.16 `test_lvs`

Description.

Quick LVS between provided layout and schematic to smoke-test connectivity.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	test_lvs	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
test\_lvs <string1> <string2>  
test\_lvs ./layout.gds ./schematic.spice
```

1.2.17 sky130_to_spice

Description.

Translate Sky130 CDL/CDL-like netlist to SPICE format with tool-compatible conventions.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	sky130_to_spice	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
sky130\_to\_spice <string1> <string2>  
sky130\_to\_spice ./in.cdl ./out.spice
```

1.2.18 `split_cdl_asap7`

Description.

Split a monolithic CDL netlist into per-cell libraries for the named PDK/family; outputs cell files and logs.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	split_cdl_asap7	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
split\_cdl\_asap7 <string1> <string2> <string3> <string4>  
split\_cdl\_asap7 ./in.cdl ./out\_lib ./cells.map ./split.log
```

1.2.19 `split_cdl_gpkg`

Description.

Split a monolithic CDL netlist into per-cell libraries for the named PDK/family; outputs cell files and logs.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	split_cdl_gpdk	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
split\_cdl\_gpdk <string1> <string2> <string3> <string4>  
split\_cdl\_gpdk ./in.cdl ./out\_lib ./cells.map ./split.log
```

1.2.20 `split_cdl_ng15`

Description.

Split a monolithic CDL netlist into per-cell libraries for the named PDK/family; outputs cell files and logs.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	split_cdl_ng15	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
split\_cdl\_ng15 <string1> <string2> <string3> <string4>  
split\_cdl\_ng15 ./in.cdl ./out\_lib ./cells.map ./split.log
```

1.2.21 `split_cdl_ng45`

Description.

Split a monolithic CDL netlist into per-cell libraries for the named PDK/family; outputs cell files and logs.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	split_cdl_ng45	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
split\_cdl\_ng45 <string1> <string2> <string3> <string4>  
split\_cdl\_ng45 ./in.cdl ./out\_lib ./cells.map ./split.log
```

1.2.22 `split_cdl_saed32`

Description.

Split a monolithic CDL netlist into per-cell libraries for the named PDK/family; outputs cell files and logs.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	split_cdl_saed32	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
split\_cdl\_saed32 <string1> <string2> <string3> <string4>  
split\_cdl\_saed32 ./in.cdl ./out\_lib ./cells.map ./split.log
```

1.2.23 `split_cdl_sky130`

Description.

Split a monolithic CDL netlist into per-cell libraries for the named PDK/family; outputs cell files and logs.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	split_cdl_sky130	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
split\_cdl\_sky130 <string1> <string2> <string3> <string4>  
split\_cdl\_sky130 ./in.cdl ./out\_lib ./cells.map ./split.log
```

1.2.24 `split_cdl_xh018`

Description.

Split a monolithic CDL netlist into per-cell libraries for the named PDK/family; outputs cell files and logs.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	split_cdl_xh018	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
split\_cdl\_xh018 <string1> <string2> <string3> <string4>  
split\_cdl\_xh018 ./in.cdl ./out\_lib ./cells.map ./split.log
```

1.3 Flow Resource Settings

1.3.1 `set_gds_flow`

Description.

Select primary import flow (GDS-based or LEF/DEF-based).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_gds_flow	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_gds\_flow <int1>  
set\_gds\_flow 1
```

1.3.2 `set_lefdef_flow`

Description.

Select primary import flow (GDS-based or LEF/DEF-based).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_lefdef_flow	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_lefdef\_flow <int1>  
set\_lefdef\_flow 1
```

1.3.3 `set_num_cpu`

Description.

Configure resources/partitioning for performance: parallelism, layers, regions, bins.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_num_cpu	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_num\_cpu <int1>  
set\_num\_cpu 8
```

1.3.4 `set_num_cores`

Description.

Configure resources/partitioning for performance: parallelism, layers, regions, bins.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_num_cores	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_num\_cores <int1>  
set\_num\_cores 8
```

1.3.5 `set_num_layers`

Description.

Configure resources/partitioning for performance: parallelism, layers, regions, bins.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_num_layers	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_num\_layers <int1>
```

```
set\_num\_layers 8
```

1.3.6 `set_num_regions`

Description.

Configure resources/partitioning for performance: parallelism, layers, regions, bins.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_num_regions	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_num\_regions <int1>  
set\_num\_regions 8
```

1.3.7 `set_num_bins`

Description.

Configure resources/partitioning for performance: parallelism, layers, regions, bins.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_num_bins	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_num\_bins <int1>
```

```
set\_num\_bins 8
```

1.3.8 cell_orient_scheme

Description.

Choose the cell orientation scheme used during import/checks (e.g., R0/MX/MY).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	cell_orient_scheme	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
cell\_orient\_scheme <int1>
```

1.3.9 `use_max`

Description.

Enable/disable specific checks/filters to tailor import/verification.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	use_max	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
use\_max <int1>  
use\_max 1
```

1.3.10 no_compare

Description.

Enable/disable specific checks/filters to tailor import/verification.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	no_compare	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
no\_compare <int1>  
no\_compare 1
```

1.3.11 no_cells

Description.

Enable/disable specific checks/filters to tailor import/verification.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	no_cells	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
no\_cells <int1>  
no\_cells 1
```

1.3.12 no_obs

Description.

Enable/disable specific checks/filters to tailor import/verification.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	no_obs	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
no\_obs <int1>
```

```
no\_obs 1
```

1.3.13 no_pwr

Description.

Enable/disable specific checks/filters to tailor import/verification.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	no_pwr	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
no\_pwr <int1>
```

```
no\_pwr 1
```

1.3.14 `no_vias`

Description.

Enable/disable specific checks/filters to tailor import/verification.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	no_vias	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
no\_vias <int1>  
no\_vias 1
```

1.3.15 `no_rect`

Description.

Enable/disable specific checks/filters to tailor import/verification.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	no_rect	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
no\_rect <int1>  
no\_rect 1
```

1.4 Run Commands

1.4.1 `run_drc`

Description.

Execute the DRC flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_drc	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_drc

1.4.2 run_qdrc

Description.

Run quick/fast DRC with an accelerated kernel or subset of rules.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_qdrc	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_qdrc

1.4.3 run_lvs

Description.

Execute the LVS flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_lvs	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_lvs

1.4.4 `run_mlvs`

Description.

Execute the MLVS flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_mlv	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_mlv

1.4.5 `run_svs`

Description.

Execute the SVS flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_svs	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

`run\_svs`

1.4.6 run_dfm

Description.

Execute the DFM flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_dfm	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_dfm

1.4.7 `run_erc`

Description.

Execute the ERC flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_erc	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_erc

1.4.8 `run_xor`

Description.

Execute the XOR flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_xor	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_xor

1.4.9 `run_fastxor`

Description.

Execute the FASTXOR flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_fastxor	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_fastxor

1.4.10 `run_antenna`

Description.

Execute the ANTENNA flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_antenna	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_antenna

1.4.11 run_density

Description.

Execute the DENSITY flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_density	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_density

1.4.12 run_lefdef_drc

Description.

Execute the LEFDEF_DRC flow with current inputs/settings and write results.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	run_lefdef_drc	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

run_lefdef_drc

1.5 Reporting

1.5.1 `report_drc`

Description.

Generate a DRC report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_drc	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

report_drc

1.5.2 `report_lvs`

Description.

Generate a LVS report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_lvs	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

```
report\_lvs
```

1.5.3 `report_mlvs`

Description.

Generate a MLVS report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_mlv	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

```
report\_mlv
```

1.5.4 `report_dfm`

Description.

Generate a DFM report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_dfm	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

report_dfm

1.5.5 `report_erc`

Description.

Generate a ERC report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_erc	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

report_erc

1.5.6 `report_xor`

Description.

Generate a XOR report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_xor	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

```
report\_xor
```

1.5.7 `report_fastxor`

Description.

Generate a FASTXOR report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_fastxor	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

```
report\_fastxor
```

1.5.8 `report_svs`

Description.

Generate a SVS report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_svs	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

```
report\_svs
```

1.5.9 `report_antenna`

Description.

Generate a ANTENNA report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_antenna	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

report_antenna

1.5.10 rep_antenna

Description.

Generate a ANTENNA report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	rep_antenna	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

rep_antenna

1.5.11 `report_density`

Description.

Generate a DENSITY report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_density	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

```
report\_density
```

1.5.12 rep_density

Description.

Generate a DENSITY report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	rep_density	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

rep_density

1.5.13 `report_lefdef_drc`

Description.

Generate a LEFDEF_DRC report from the most recent run, writing to the configured report file.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	report_lefdef_drc	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

```
report\_lefdef\_drc
```

1.5.14 `set_report_file_drc`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_drc		—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_drc <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_drc ./reports/drc.rpt
```

1.5.15 `set_report_file_lvs`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_lvs		—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_lvs <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_lvs ./reports/lvs.rpt
```

1.5.16 `set_report_file_mlv`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_mlvs		—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_mlvs <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_mlvs ./reports/mlvs.rpt
```

1.5.17 `set_report_file_dfm`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_dfm		—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_dfm <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_dfm ./reports/dfm.rpt
```

1.5.18 `set_report_file_erc`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_erc	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_erc <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_erc ./reports/erc.rpt
```

1.5.19 `set_report_file_xor`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_xor		—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_xor <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_xor ./reports/xor.rpt
```

1.5.20 `set_report_file_fastxor`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_fastxor		—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_fastxor <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_fastxor ./reports/fastxor.rpt
```

1.5.21 `set_report_file_svs`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_svs		—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_svs <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_svs ./reports/svs.rpt
```

1.5.22 `set_report_file_antenna`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file	antenna	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_antenna <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_antenna ./reports/antenna.rpt
```

1.5.23 `set_report_file_density`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_density		—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_density <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_density ./reports/density.rpt
```

1.5.24 `set_report_file_lefdef_drc`

Description.

Set output path for a specific report category. Must be set before running the report.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_report_file_lefdef_drc	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_report\_file\_lefdef\_drc <string1>  
set\_report\_file\_lefdef\_drc ./reports/lefdef\_drc.rpt
```

1.6 LVS Options Controls

1.6.1 lvs

Description.

Invoke the LVS engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs <string1>  
lvs ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.6.2 lvs_write_layout_from_db

Description.

Export current layout view from DB to a file for debug or downstream use.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_write_layout_from_db	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_write\_layout\_from\_db <string1>
```

1.6.3 `lvs_write_schematic_from_spice`

Description.

Emit a schematic representation derived from SPICE for LVS inspection or GUI view.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_write_schematic_from_spice			Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_write\_schematic\_from\_spice <string1> <string2>
```

1.6.4 `lvs_set_schematic_file_name`

Description.

Set an LVS-related input path or mode (schematic, SPICE, macros, Verilog, DATC flow).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	<code>lvs_set_schematic_file_name</code>	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_set\_schematic\_file\_name <string1>  
lvs\_set\_schematic\_file\_name ./netlist.spice
```

1.6.5 lvs_set_spice_file_name

Description.

Set an LVS-related input path or mode (schematic, SPICE, macros, Verilog, DATC flow).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_set_spice_file_name	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_set\_spice\_file\_name <string1>  
lvs\_set\_spice\_file\_name ./netlist.spice
```

1.6.6 lvs_set_macros_cdl_file_name

Description.

Set an LVS-related input path or mode (schematic, SPICE, macros, Verilog, DATC flow).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_set_macros_cdl_file_name			Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_set\_macros\_cdl\_file\_name <string1>  
lvs\_set\_macros\_cdl\_file\_name ./netlist.spice
```

1.6.7 lvs_set_verilog_netlist_file_name

Description.

Set an LVS-related input path or mode (schematic, SPICE, macros, Verilog, DATC flow).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_set_verilog_netlist_file_name			Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_set\_verilog\_netlist\_file\_name <string1>  
lvs\_set\_verilog\_netlist\_file\_name ./netlist.spice
```

1.6.8 lvs_set_datc_flow

Description.

Set an LVS-related input path or mode (schematic, SPICE, macros, Verilog, DATC flow).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_set_datc_flow	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_set\_datc\_flow <int1>  
lvs\_set\_datc\_flow ./netlist.spice
```

1.6.9 lvs_use_datc_flow

Description.

Toggle the DATC reference flow for LVS preprocessing/import (0/1).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_use_datc_flow		—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_use\_datc\_flow <int1>
```

```
lvs\_use\_datc\_flow 1
```

1.6.10 lvs_consider_macro_pins

Description.

(Description TBD) Sets configuration or triggers a run in the LVR flow.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_consider_macro_pins	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_consider\_macro\_pins <int1>
```

```
lvs\_consider\_macro\_pins 1
```

1.6.11 lvs_check_shorts

Description.

Enable/disable LVS check for shorts (0/1).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_check_shorts		—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_check\_shorts <int1>
```

```
lvs\_check\_shorts 1
```

1.6.12 lvs_check_open

Description.

Enable/disable LVS check for open (0/1).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_check_open	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_check\_open <int1>  
lvs\_check\_open 1
```

1.6.13 lvs_check_macro

Description.

Enable/disable LVS check for macro (0/1).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_check_macro	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_check\_macro <int1>
```

```
lvs\_check\_macro 1
```

1.6.14 lvs_check_matching

Description.

Enable/disable LVS check for matching (0/1).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_check_matching		—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_check\_matching <int1>  
lvs\_check\_matching 1
```

1.6.15 lvs_check_unconnected_pins

Description.

Enable/disable LVS check for unconnected pins (0/1).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_check_unconnected_pins			Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_check\_unconnected\_pins <int1>  
lvs\_check\_unconnected\_pins 1
```

1.6.16 lvs_detect_short

Description.

Enable detection of shorts/opens during LVS (0=off, 1=on).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_detect_short	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_detect\_short <int1>
```

```
lvs\_detect\_short 1
```

1.6.17 lvs_detect_open

Description.

Enable detection of shorts/opens during LVS (0=off, 1=on).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_detect_open	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_detect\_open <int1>  
lvs\_detect\_open 1
```

1.6.18 lvs_power_pin

Description.

Declare canonical power/ground pin names for special handling in LVS equivalence.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_power_pin	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_power\_pin <string1>  
lvs\_power\_pin VDD
```

1.6.19 lvs_ground_pin

Description.

Declare canonical power/ground pin names for special handling in LVS equivalence.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_ground_pin	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_ground\_pin <string1>
```

```
lvs\_ground\_pin VDD
```

1.6.20 lvs_timeout

Description.

Set timeout (seconds) for LVS phase or run to prevent pathological run-times.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_timeout	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_timeout <int1>
```

1.6.21 lvs_max_error

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.6.22 lvs_option_max_error

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_option_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_option\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.6.23 lvs_mapping_pin_to_terminal

Description.

Map a schematic pin to a layout terminal name for name-equivalence resolution.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_mapping_pin_to_terminal			Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_mapping\_pin\_to\_terminal <string1> <string2>
```

1.6.24 lvs_waiver_macro_net

Description.

Declare an LVS waiver for known differences (macro net or netlist net), suppressing selected errors.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_waiver_macro_net	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_waiver\_macro\_net <string1> <string2>
```

```
lvs\_waiver\_macro\_net U\_MACRO\_1 NET\_A
```

1.6.25 `lvs_waiver_netlist_net`

Description.

Declare an LVS waiver for known differences (macro net or netlist net), suppressing selected errors.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	lvs_waiver_netlist_net	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
lvs\_waiver\_netlist\_net <string1>  
lvs\_waiver\_netlist\_net U\_MACRO\_1 NET\_A
```

1.7 DRC/ERC/SVS/MLVS/Antenna Limits

1.7.1 drc

Description.

Invoke the DRC engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	drc	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
drc <string1>  
drc ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.2 `erc`

Description.

Invoke the ERC engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	erc	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
erc <string1>  
erc ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.3 SVS

Description.

Invoke the SVS engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	svs	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
svs <string1>  
svs ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.4 mlvs

Description.

Invoke the MLVS engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	mlvs	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
mlvs <string1>  
mlvs ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.5 antenna

Description.

Invoke the ANTENNA engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	antenna	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
antenna <string1>
```

```
antenna ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.6 dfm

Description.

Invoke the DFM engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	dfm	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
dfm <string1>  
dfm ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.7 perc

Description.

Invoke the PERC engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	perc	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
perc <string1>  
perc ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.8 density

Description.

Invoke the DENSITY engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	density	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
density <string1>
```

```
density ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.9 xor_check

Description.

Invoke the XOR_CHECK engine with the provided argument (file or rule id).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	xor_check	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
xor\_check <string1>  
xor\_check ./rule\_or\_input\_file
```

1.7.10 `drc_max_error`

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	drc_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
drc\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.7.11 `erc_max_error`

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	erc_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
erc\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.7.12 `svs_max_error`

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	svs_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
svs\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.7.13 `mlvs_max_error`

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	mlvs_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
mlvs\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.7.14 `xor_max_error`

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	xor_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
xor\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.7.15 `density_max_error`

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	density_max_error		—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
density\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.7.16 antenna_max_error

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	antenna_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
antenna\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.7.17 dfm_max_error

Description.

Limit the number of errors recorded for the category; extra errors suppressed after the cap.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	dfm_max_error	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
dfm\_max\_error <int1>
```

1.8 Density DFM Settings

1.8.1 `density_layer`

Description.

Configure density analysis: target layer, pixel size, and window/stride parameters.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	density_layer	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
density\_layer <string1>  
density\_layer VDD
```

1.8.2 density_pixel

Description.

Configure density analysis: target layer, pixel size, and window/stride parameters.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	density_pixel	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
density\_pixel <int1>  
density\_pixel 2
```

1.8.3 density_window

Description.

Configure density analysis: target layer, pixel size, and window/stride parameters.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	density_window	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg5	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
density\_window <int1> <int2> <int3> <int4> <int5>  
density\_window 1000 1000 100 100 0
```

1.9 GUI Display

1.9.1 `gui_display_single_layer`

Description.

GUI: display only the specified layer (hides all others).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	gui_display_single_layer	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	string (path/id)	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
gui\_display\_single\_layer <string1>  
gui\_display\_single\_layer VDD
```

1.9.2 `gui_display_all_layers`

Description.

GUI: display all layers.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	gui_display_all_layers	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

gui_display_all_layers

1.9.3 load_gui

Description.

Launch or attach GUI for interactive viewing of layout/rules/markers.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	load_gui	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

load_gui

1.9.4 `cmd_line_only`

Description.

Force command-line mode (no GUI). Suited for servers and CI.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	cmd_line_only	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

cmd_line_only

1.9.5 `set_gui_xor_result`

Description.

Toggle rendering of XOR results in GUI after a run (0/1).

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_gui_xor_result		—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_gui\_xor\_result <int1>  
set\_gui\_xor\_result 1
```

1.10 Logger

1.10.1 `disable_logger_timestamp`

Description.

Disable/enable timestamps in logger output.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	disable_logger_timestamp	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

disable_logger_timestamp

1.10.2 `enable_logger_timestamp`

Description.

Disable/enable timestamps in logger output.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	enable_logger_timestamp	—	—	Command keyword
—	(none)	—	—	No arguments

Example Usage.

enable_logger_timestamp

1.11 Geometry Queries

1.11.1 `query_rect`

Description.

Query rectangles within DBU coordinate window (lx ly ux uy) for CLI debugging/inspection.

Best practices: • Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths. • Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI. • When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	query_rect	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
query\_rect <int1> <int2> <int3> <int4>
```

```
query\_rect 0 0 1000 1000
```

1.11.2 `set_die_area`

Description.

Define die bounding box in DBU coordinates (lx ly ux uy). Affects reporting/visualization.

Best practices:

- Validate paths before invocation; prefer relative project paths.
- Use consistent naming for DBs and reports to simplify CI.
- When scripting, check exit codes and report presence.

Syntax and Arguments.

Parameter	Type	Required	Default	Notes
Command	set_die_area	—	—	Command keyword
arg1	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg2	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg3	integer	required	—	Positional argument
arg4	integer	required	—	Positional argument

Example Usage.

```
set\_die\_area <int1> <int2> <int3> <int4>
```

```
set\_die\_area 0 0 1000 1000
```

1.12 Appendix

1.12.1 Glossary

DRC	Design Rule Checking.
LVS	Layout vs. Schematic comparison.
SVS	Schematic vs. Schematic comparison.
GDS	Graphic Data System layout format.
CDL	Circuit Description Language netlist.
PDK	Process Design Kit.
DBU	Database Unit, the internal coordinate unit.

1.12.2 Example Complete Flow

```
init\_tool\_db project\_db
set\_tool\_db project\_db
set\_technode sky130hd
set\_top aes\_cipher\_top
read\_gds ./input/chip.gds
read\_lrf ./rules/sky130\_drc.lrf
run\_drc
report\_drc
read\_spice ./netlist/chip.spice
lvs\_enable\_ports 1
run\_lvs
report\_lvs
```